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## 22.5. wave — Read and write WAV files

The wave module provides a convenient interface to the WAV sound format. It does not support compression/decompression, but it does support mono/stereo.

The wave module defines the following function and exception:

```
wave.open(file[, mode]) 1
```

If file is a string, open the file by that name, other treat it as a seekable file-like object. mode can be any of

```
'r', 'rb'
```

Read only mode.

'w', 'wb'

Write only mode.

Note that it does not allow read/write WAV files.

A mode of 'r' or 'rb' returns a Wave\_read object, while a mode of 'w' or 'wb' returns a Wave\_write object. If mode is omitted and a file-like object is passed as file, file.mode is used as the default value for mode (the 'b' flag is still added if necessary).

```
wave.openfp(file, mode)1
```

A synonym for open(), maintained for backwards compatibility.

exception wave.Error¶

An error raised when something is impossible because it violates the WAV specification or hits an implementation deficiency.

#### 22.5.1. Wave\_read Objects¶

Wave\_read objects, as returned by open(), have the following methods:

```
Wave_read.close()¶
```

Close the stream, and make the instance unusable. This is called automatically on object collection.

```
Wave_read.getnchannels() 1
```

Returns number of audio channels (1 for mono, 2 for stereo).

Wave\_read.getsampwidth()¶

Returns sample width in bytes.

Wave\_read.getframerate()1

Returns sampling frequency.

Wave\_read.getnframes()1

Returns number of audio frames.

Wave\_read.getcomptype()1

Returns compression type ('NONE' is the only supported type).

Wave\_read.getcompname()1

Human-readable version of <a href="mailto:getcomptype">getcomptype()</a>. Usually 'not compressed' parallels 'NONE'.

Wave\_read.getparams()1

 $\textbf{Returns a tuple} \; (\texttt{nchannels}, \; \texttt{sampwidth}, \; \texttt{framerate}, \; \texttt{nframes}, \; \texttt{comptype}, \; \texttt{compname}), \\ \textbf{equivalent to output of the } \texttt{get*()} \; \textbf{methods}.$ 

Wave\_read.readframes(n)¶

Reads and returns at most n frames of audio, as a string of bytes.

Wave\_read.rewind()1

Rewind the file pointer to the beginning of the audio stream.

The following two methods are defined for compatibility with the aifc module, and don't do anything interesting.

```
Wave_read.getmarkers()1
```

Returns None.

Wave\_read.getmark(id)

Raise an error.

The following two methods define a term "position" which is compatible between them, and is otherwise implementation dependent.

Wave\_read.setpos(pos)¶

Set the file pointer to the specified position.

Wave\_read.tell()1

Return current file pointer position.

# 22.5.2. Wave\_write Objects¶

Wave\_write objects, as returned by open(), have the following methods:

Wave\_write.close()¶

Make sure *nframes* is correct, and close the file. This method is called upon deletion.

Wave\_write.setnchannels(n)¶

Set the number of channels.

Wave\_write.setsampwidth(n)¶

Set the sample width to n bytes.

Wave\_write.setframerate(n)¶

Set the frame rate to n.

Wave\_write.setnframes(n)¶

Set the number of frames to *n*. This will be changed later if more frames are written.

Wave\_write.setcomptype(type, name)

Set the compression type and description. At the moment, only compression type  ${\tt NONE}$  is supported, meaning no compression.

Wave\_write.setparams(tuple)

The *tuple* should be (nchannels, sampwidth, framerate, nframes, comptype, compname), with values valid for the set\*() methods. Sets all parameters.

Wave\_write.tell()¶

Return current position in the file, with the same disclaimer for the <a href="wave\_read.tell()">wave\_read.setpos()</a> methods.

Wave\_write.writeframesraw(data)

Write audio frames, without correcting nframes.

Wave\_write.writeframes(data)¶

Write audio frames and make sure *nframes* is correct.

Note that it is invalid to set any parameters after calling writeframes() or writeframesraw(), and any attempt to do so will raise  $\underline{wave.Error}$ .

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